## SIX CALENDRICAL SYSTEMS IN THE EUROPEAN HISTORY FROM 18<sup>TH</sup> TO 20<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY

The following calendrical systems, introduced in Europe from 18<sup>th</sup> to 20<sup>th</sup> century, which were in use in Europe for a shorter or longer period by a larger or smaller community, were reviewed and discussed: The French Revolutionary Calendar, the Theosebic calendar invented by Th. Kairis, the Revolutionary Calendar of the Soviet Union (or 'Bolshevik calendar'), the fascist calendar in Italy and the calendar of the Metaxas dictatorship in Greece before World War II. Also the unique of them which is still in use, the New Rectified Julian calendar of the Orthodox Church is presented and discussed. At the end, difficulties to introduce a new calendar are discussed as well.