Poster

STUDY OF He LINES FROM CORONA DISCHARGE

Nelly Bonifaci¹, Nicole F. Allard², B. Deguilhem³ and F. X. Gadea³

¹G2E.lab, Université Joseph Fourier, 25 rue des Martyrs, 38042 Grenoble, France

 $E\text{-}mail:\ nelly.bonifaci@grenoble.cnrs.fr$

²Observatoire de Paris, GEPI, UMR 8111, CNRS, 61, Avenue de l'Observatoire, F-75014 Paris, France E-mail: nicole.allard@obspm.fr

³Laboratoire de Physique Quantique, UMR5626, CNRS, Université Paul Sabatier, 118 route de Narbonne, F-31400 Toulouse, France E-mail: deguihem@irsamc.ups-tlse.fr, gadea@irsamc.ups-tlse.fr

In this report, we have initiated a systematic spectroscopic investigation of gas helium which is excited by corona excitation. Here are the results of this phenomena observation occurring for point electrode (both negative and positive corona discharges) at 300K as a function of external hydrostatic pressure. An intensity of the visible light emitted from the zone closed to the tip was sufficient for its spectroscopic analysis. The shift and width of the spectra observed were measured as a function of the applied pressure. Additional features were assigned to 'satellites' which were observed to contribute much stronger to atomic lines and molecular bands in positive corona discharges than with negative polarity. Theoretical profiles are calculated in a unified line shape semi-classical theory using ab initio molecular potentials and are compared with experimental lines.